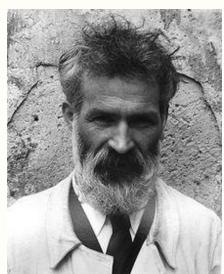
Brâncuşi at the Guggenheim

Brâncuşi at the Tate

Brâncuşi at MoMA

Brâncuşi at Kasmin Gallery



Brâncuşi, 1922 Photograph: Edward Steichen Learn about Brâncusi's Paris studio, which was reconstructed across from the Centre Pompidou in 1997.

Constantin Brâncuşi was organized by the Centre Pompidou in 1995 and traveled to the Philadelphia Museum of Art, its only American venue. Read a review of the exhibition in the Los Angeles Times.

The Tate Modern was the first museum in the United Kingdom to launch a major exhibition of Brâncuşi's work. <u>Constantin Brâncusi: The Essence of Things</u> was on view in 2004.

In 2014, <u>The Brâncuşi Effect</u> was on view at Kunsthalle Wien in Karlsplatz. The exhibition presented original works by Brâncuşi alongside a group of contemporary artists who reference him in their own work.

The Guggenheim Museum installed a long-term rotation of Brâncuşi works in their permanent collection in 2017.

<u>Constantin Brâncuşi: Sculptures, Drawings, Photographs, Films</u> was on view at the Multimedia Art Museum, Moscow, in 2017, on loan from the Centre Pompidou.

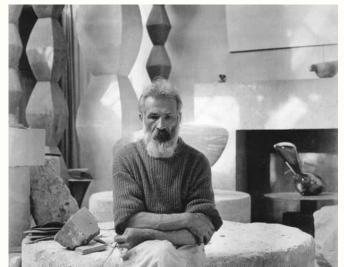
In 2018, the Museum of Modern Art installed <u>Constantin Brâncuşi</u>, which reflected on the first show of the artist's work in the United States at the 1913 Armory Show. The exhibition was accompanied by a <u>playlist</u> the curators put together featuring selections from the artist's extensive collection of music.

Brâncuşi was on view at BOZAR Centre for Fine Arts Brussels in 2019, the first solo exhibition of the artist's work in Brussels.

The Muzeul National de Artă Timisoara installed <u>Brâncuşi: Romanian Sources and Universal Perspectives</u> in 2023, the largest exhibition of the artist's work in Romania in over 50 years. Read a <u>review</u> written by Judith Benhamou.

<u>Brâncuşi: Carving the Essence</u> was on display at the Artizon Museum in 2024. It was the first museum exhibition in Japan to present a comprehensive story of the artist's life and work.

In 2024, the Centre Pompidou launched <u>Brâncuşi</u>, a major exhibition featuring nearly 200 sculptures, along with photographs, drawings, films, archives, tools, and furniture from his studio. Read a preview article about the exhibition in <u>The Art Newspaper</u> and reviews in both <u>The Guardian</u> and the <u>Wall Street Journal</u>.



Brâncusi in his studio, unknown date Photograph: Radio Romania Cultural



JORDAN SCHNITZER MUSEUM OF ART



Constantin Brâncuşi (Romanian, 1876-1957) **La muse endormie**, 1910 (cast by 1913)

Patinated bronze with gold leaf

Private Collection; L2024:31.7

Born and raised near Târgu Jiu, Romania, Constantin Brâncusi studied at the Bucharest School of Fine Arts before moving to Paris in 1904. He quickly became known for his abstracted, hand-carved works that were instrumental to the development of Modernist sculpture in Europe. La muse endormie was first produced in clay and stone as an upright portrait of the Baroness Renée Frachon. Brâncusi later cast six bronzes of the stylized oval face from the original marble sculpture and tilted it on its side to evoke a sleeping woman. The artist added gold leaf to the surface by hand, saying: "An artist should always do his own chores. A sculptor's toil is slow and solitary."

On view June 12 – September 15, 2024

